Dual Diagnosis Capability: Measuring Organizational Integration of Co-Occurring MH and SUD Treatment

(DDCAT / DDCMHT)

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https://case.edu/socialwork/centerforebp/su bstance-abuse-mental-illness/

Center for Evidence-Based Practices

at Case Western Reserve University

The Center for Evidence-Based Practices at Case Western Reserve University is a technical-assistance organization that promotes knowledge development and the implementation of evidence-based practices (EBPs) for the treatments and recovery of people diagnosed with mental illness or co-occurring mental illness and substance use disorders.

Our technical-assistance services include:

- Service-systems consultation
- Program Consultation
- Clinical Consultation
- · Training and education

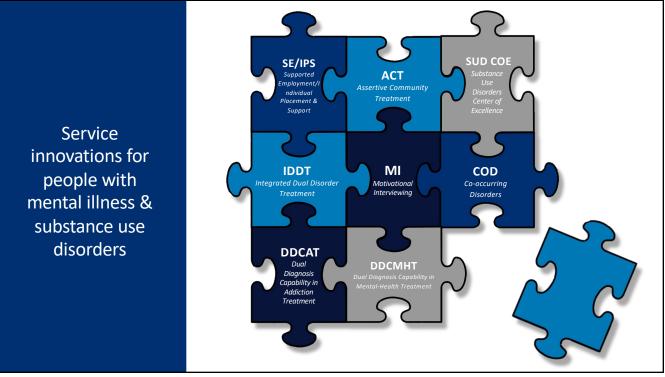
- Program evaluation (fidelity & outcomes)
- Professional peer-networks
- Research

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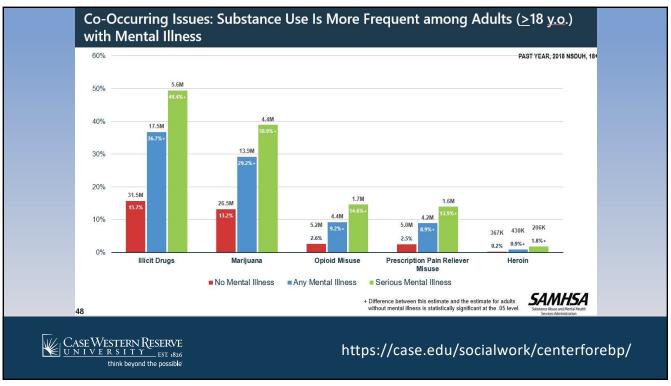


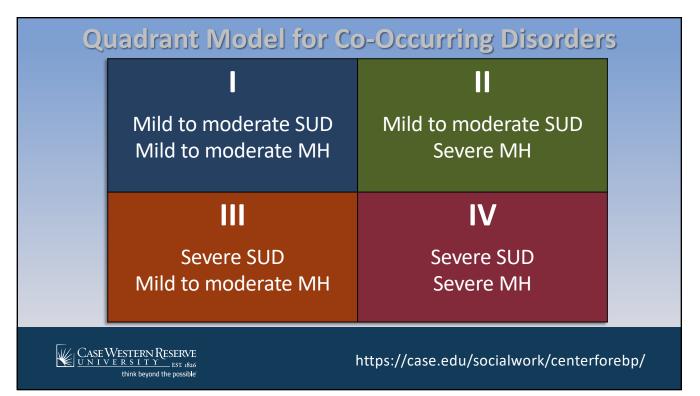
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Substance Abuse is Common in People with Mental Illness

- Over 50% of people with schizophrenia, bipolar disorder and other severe mood disorders have a substance use disorder at some time in their life
- About one third of people with anxiety and depressive disorders have a substance use disorder at some time in their life

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Integrated Treatment for COD Works

There is a robust body of empirical data which supports superior COD integrated treatment outcomes which now goes back several decades.

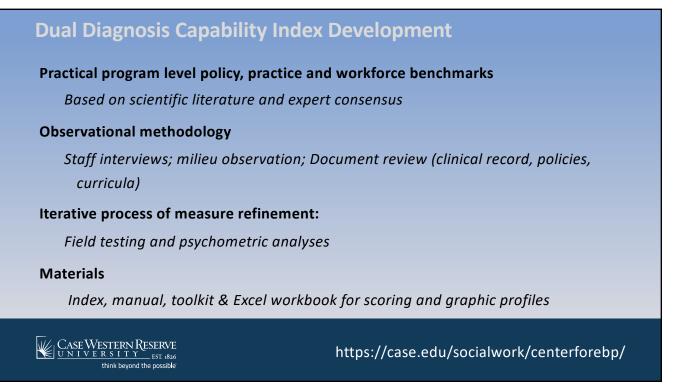
- McLellan et al, JAMA (1993)
- Saxon and Calsyn, Am J Drug Alc Abuse (1995)
- Charney et al, J Clin Psych (2001)
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- Mueser et al., Am J Addict (2003)
- Ziedonis, CNS Spect (2004)

- Mangrum et al, JSAT (2006)
- Van den Bosch and Vereul, Curr Opin Psych (2007)
- Drake et al., JSAT (2008)
- Xie et al., JSAT (2010)
- Baker et al., J Clin Psych (2010)
- Torrens et al., Sub Use & Misuse (2012)
- Kelly and Daley, Soc Wk Pub Health (2013)

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DDC Assessment and Toolkit History		
In development since 2004 (DDCMHT/E	DDCAT – Version 4.0 - September 2011)	
 Developed in direct response to mental stage of readiness 	I health treatment programs at the "action"	
 Designed to offer practical tools and useable materials that will rapidly improve services for people with co-occurring disorders 		
 Uses a methodology similar to the IDDT Fidelity Scale but has been specifically developed to be broader in scope than the specific core components of that scale 		
 Intended to assess co-occurring capabil treatment) program 	lity at any mental health (or substance use	
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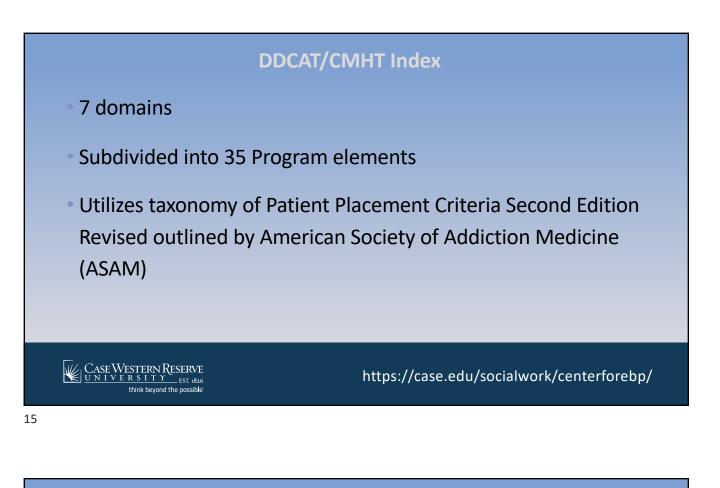
Exploring Program Capability

- What client needs are important for organizations and systems to address over the next 1-5 years in order to become cooccurring capable?
- What outcomes do you want to improve?
- Challenges, barriers, facilitators, resources, processes?
- Next steps?

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DCAT/MHT Specific Objectives 1. The objectively determine the dual diagnosis capability of addiction treatment and/or mental health services. 2. The develop practical operational benchmarks or guidelines for enhancing dual diagnosis capability. 3. The provide a useful quality improvement tool for organizational change pertinent to co-occurring disorders (COD).



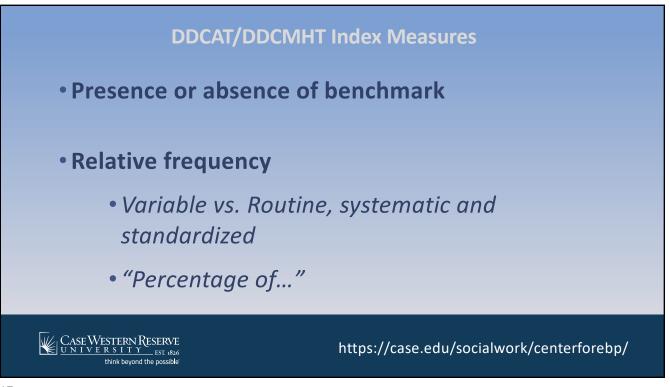


- Presence or absence of benchmark
- Relative frequency

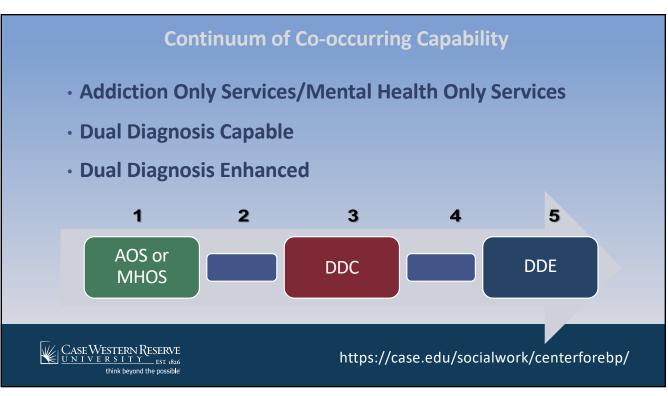
Variable vs. Routine, systematic and standardized

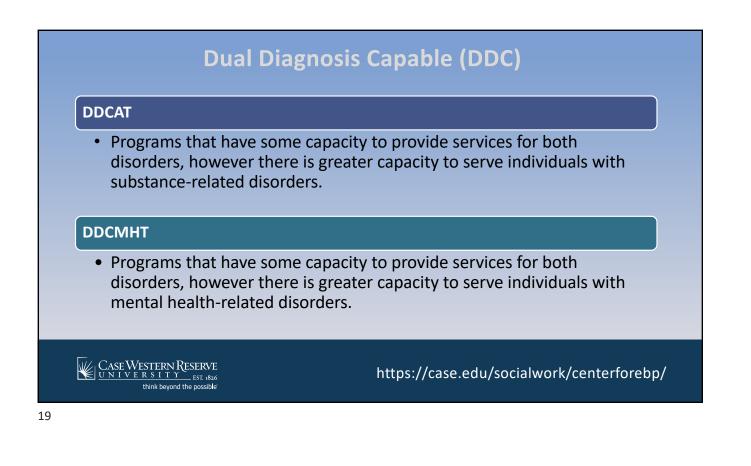
"Percentage of..."

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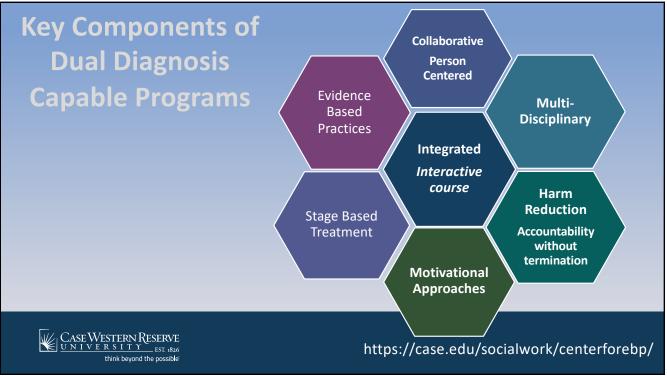




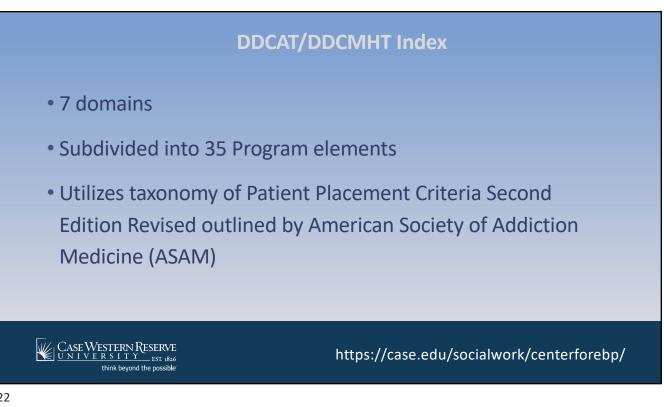
Programs that:

- Are capable of providing services to any individual with substance-related and mental health-related disorders.
- Can be responsive to both types of disorders fully and equally.

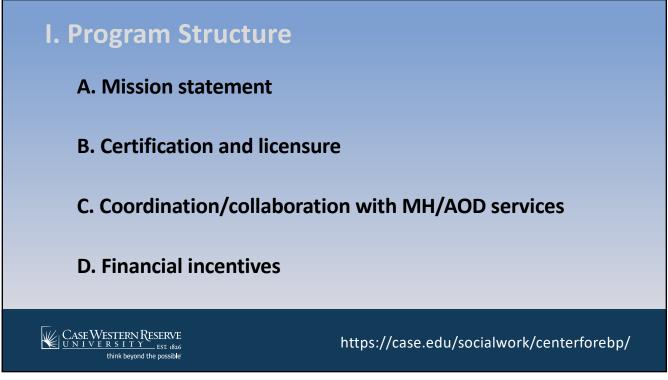
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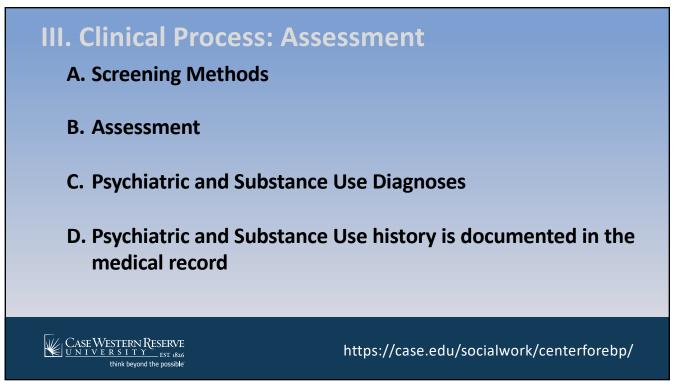


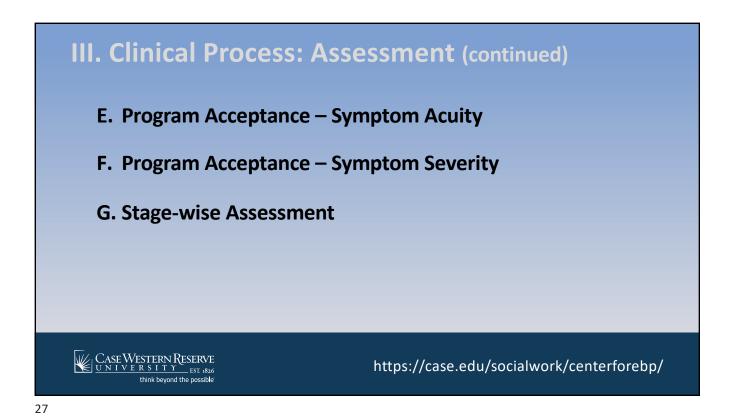


I Program Structure	Program mission, structure and financing,		
	Program Structure	format for delivery of co-occurring services.	
		Physical, social (welcoming), and cultural	
	Program Milieu	environment for persons with dual conditions.	DUAL DIAGNOSIS
III Ci		Processes for access/entry into services, screening	
	Clinical Process: Assessment	(acuity/severity), stage-wise assessment & dx.	CAPABILITY
IV Clinical Process: Treatment	Clinical Process:	Processes for Tx with interactive plans pharma and	INDEX
	stage-wise, psychosocial evidence-based formats.	DOMAINS	
V	Continuity of Care	Discharge and treatment continuity for both	
		problems and peer recovery supports.	
VI et ffi	o. #!	Presence, role, integration of staff with co-occurring	
	Staffing	treatment expertise, supervision process.	
/11	Training	Proportion trained and strategy for training.	



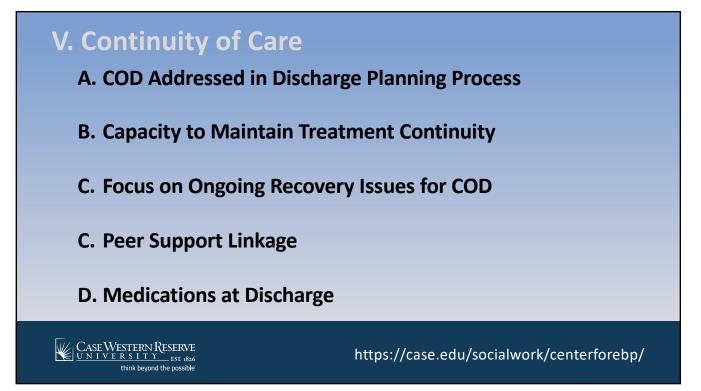


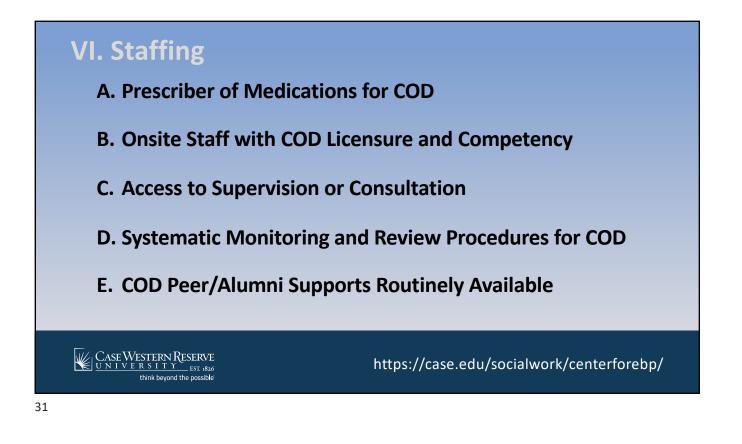


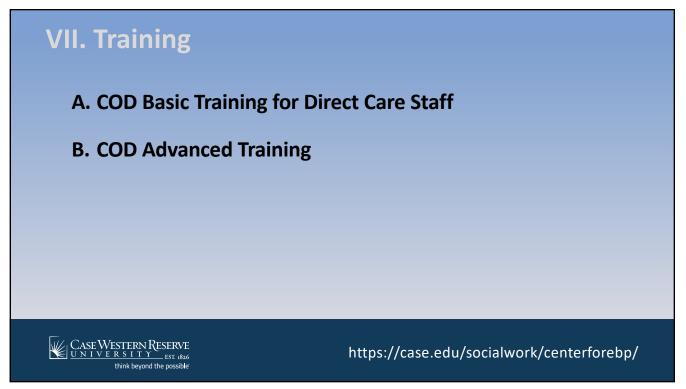












Implementation Considerations

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Implementation Strategy Assess Readiness & Foster Consensus for Change Identify Organization's Stage of Change Work group/steering committee Baseline evaluation

Action Plan

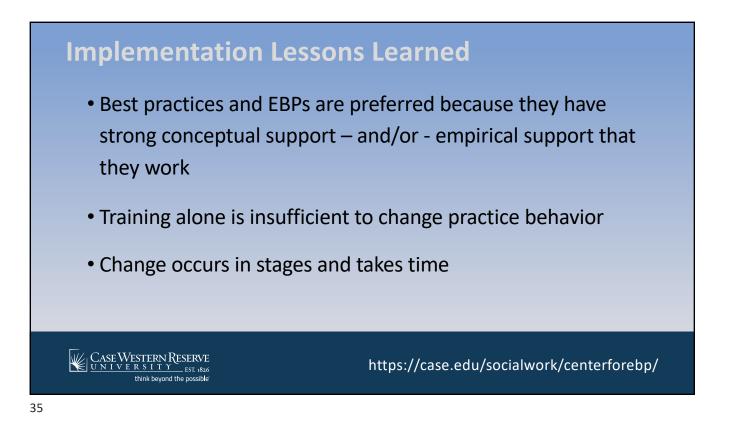
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- Consultation and training
- Ongoing outcomes monitoring

Implementation – program-level Intervention – participant-level

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Implementation Lessons Learned

- Using instruments that help you compare your progress across specific structural and clinical domains helps focus an intentional process
- Ongoing attention to process/fidelity/outcomes is critical

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	Resources
	1. Manual for DDCAT and DDCMHT
	https://case.edu/socialwork/centerforebp/
	2. Hazelden Co-occurring Disorders Program
	http://www.hazelden.org/web/go/cooccurring
	3. TIP 42 In-service manual
	https://store.samhsa.gov/product/tip-42-substance-use-treatment-persons-co- occurring-disorders/pep20-02-01-004
	4. SAMHSA IDDT toolkit
	https://store.samhsa.gov/product/integrated-treatment-co-occurring-disorders-
	evidence-based-practices-ebp-kit/sma08-4366
	5. IDDT: step-by-step Implementation Guide
	https://case.edu/socialwork/centerforebp/
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